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|--|--|
| Response | If swallowed: Immediately call a poison center/doctor. Do NOT induce vomiting. If on skin: Wash with plenty of water. If inhaled: Remove person to fresh air and keep comfortable for breathing. If in eyes: Rinse cautiously with water for several minutes. Remove contact lenses, if present and easy to do. Continue rinsing. Call a poison center/doctor if you feel unwell. If skin irritation occurs: Get medical advice/attention. If eye irritation persists: Get medical advice/attention. Take off contaminated clothing and wash before reuse. Collect spillage. |
| Storage | Store in a well-ventilated place. Keep container tightly closed. Store locked up. Protect from sunlight. Do not expose to temperatures exceeding 50°C/122°F. |
| Disposal | Dispose of contents/container in accordance with local/regional/national/international regulations. |
| Hazard(s) not otherwise classified (HNOC) | Static accumulating flammable liquid can become electrostatically charged even in bonded and grounded equipment. Sparks may ignite liquid and vapor. May cause flash fire or explosion. |
| Supplemental information | NOTE: This product is a consumer product and is labeled in accordance with the US Consumer Product Safety Commission regulations which take precedence over OSHA Hazard Communication labeling. The container label may not include the OSHA label elements listed in this document. Always carefully review the entire SDS and the product label prior to use in the workplace. |

3. Composition/information on ingredients

Mixtures

| Chemical name | Common name and synonyms | CAS number | % |
|---|--------------------------|-------------|-----------|
| Isopropanol | | 67-63-0 | 40 - < 50 |
| Propane | | 74-98-6 | 30 - < 40 |
| Heptanes (cyclic and linear) | | 426260-76-6 | 20 - < 30 |
| Distillates (petroleum), Hydrotreated Light | | 64742-47-8 | < 1 |
| Polytetrafluoroethylene (PTFE) | | 9002-84-0 | < 1 |
| Solvent Naphtha (petroleum), Medium Aliph. | | 64742-88-7 | < 1 |
| Boron Nitride | | 10043-11-5 | < 0.1 |
| Other components below reportable levels | | | < 0.1 |

*Designates that a specific chemical identity and/or percentage of composition has been withheld as a trade secret.

4. First-aid measures

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|---|--|
| Inhalation | Remove victim to fresh air and keep at rest in a position comfortable for breathing. Call a poison center or doctor/physician if you feel unwell. |
| Skin contact | Remove contaminated clothing. Wash with plenty of soap and water. If skin irritation occurs: Get medical advice/attention. Wash contaminated clothing before reuse. |
| Eye contact | Immediately flush eyes with plenty of water for at least 15 minutes. Remove contact lenses, if present and easy to do. Continue rinsing. Get medical attention if irritation develops and persists. |
| Ingestion | Call a physician or poison control center immediately. Rinse mouth. Do not induce vomiting. If vomiting occurs, keep head low so that stomach content doesn't get into the lungs. |
| Most important symptoms/effects, acute and delayed | Aspiration may cause pulmonary edema and pneumonitis. May cause drowsiness and dizziness. Headache. Nausea, vomiting. Severe eye irritation. Symptoms may include stinging, tearing, redness, swelling, and blurred vision. Skin irritation. May cause redness and pain. |
| Indication of immediate medical attention and special treatment needed | Provide general supportive measures and treat symptomatically. Keep victim under observation. Symptoms may be delayed. |
| General information | Ensure that medical personnel are aware of the material(s) involved, and take precautions to protect themselves. |

5. Fire-fighting measures

| | |
|---------------------------------------|--|
| Suitable extinguishing media | Water fog. Alcohol resistant foam. Carbon dioxide (CO ₂). Dry chemical powder, carbon dioxide, sand or earth may be used for small fires only. |
| Unsuitable extinguishing media | Do not use water jet as an extinguisher, as this will spread the fire. |

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| Specific hazards arising from the chemical | Contents under pressure. Pressurized container may explode when exposed to heat or flame. This product is a poor conductor of electricity and can become electrostatically charged. If sufficient charge is accumulated, ignition of flammable mixtures can occur. To reduce potential for static discharge, use proper bonding and grounding procedures. This liquid may accumulate static electricity when filling properly grounded containers. Static electricity accumulation may be significantly increased by the presence of small quantities of water or other contaminants. Material will float and may ignite on surface of water. During fire, gases hazardous to health may be formed. |
| Special protective equipment and precautions for firefighters | Firefighters must use standard protective equipment including flame retardant coat, helmet with face shield, gloves, rubber boots, and in enclosed spaces, SCBA. |
| Fire fighting equipment/instructions | Move containers from fire area if you can do so without risk. Containers should be cooled with water to prevent vapor pressure build up. For massive fire in cargo area, use unmanned hose holder or monitor nozzles, if possible. If not, withdraw and let fire burn out. |
| Specific methods | Use standard firefighting procedures and consider the hazards of other involved materials. Move containers from fire area if you can do so without risk. In the event of fire and/or explosion do not breathe fumes. |
| General fire hazards | Extremely flammable aerosol. |

6. Accidental release measures

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| Personal precautions, protective equipment and emergency procedures | Keep unnecessary personnel away. Keep people away from and upwind of spill/leak. Remove all possible sources of ignition in the surrounding area. Wear appropriate protective equipment and clothing during clean-up. Avoid breathing mist/vapor. Do not touch damaged containers or spilled material unless wearing appropriate protective clothing. Ventilate closed spaces before entering them. Use appropriate containment to avoid environmental contamination. Transfer by mechanical means such as vacuum truck to a salvage tank or other suitable container for recovery or safe disposal. Local authorities should be advised if significant spillages cannot be contained. For personal protection, see section 8 of the SDS. |
| Methods and materials for containment and cleaning up | Refer to attached safety data sheets and/or instructions for use. Stop leak if you can do so without risk. Move the cylinder to a safe and open area if the leak is irreparable. Keep combustibles (wood, paper, oil, etc.) away from spilled material. The product is immiscible with water and will spread on the water surface. Prevent product from entering drains. Absorb in vermiculite, dry sand or earth and place into containers. Following product recovery, flush area with water. Small Spills: Wipe up with absorbent material (e.g. cloth, fleece). Clean surface thoroughly to remove residual contamination. For waste disposal, see section 13 of the SDS. |
| Environmental precautions | Avoid release to the environment. Inform appropriate managerial or supervisory personnel of all environmental releases. Prevent further leakage or spillage if safe to do so. Avoid discharge into drains, water courses or onto the ground. Use appropriate containment to avoid environmental contamination. |

7. Handling and storage

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| Precautions for safe handling | Minimize fire risks from flammable and combustible materials (including combustible dust and static accumulating liquids) or dangerous reactions with incompatible materials. Handling operations that can promote accumulation of static charges include but are not limited to: mixing, filtering, pumping at high flow rates, splash filling, creating mists or sprays, tank and container filling, tank cleaning, sampling, gauging, switch loading, vacuum truck operations. Pressurized container: Do not pierce or burn, even after use. Do not use if spray button is missing or defective. Do not spray on a naked flame or any other incandescent material. Do not smoke while using or until sprayed surface is thoroughly dry. Do not cut, weld, solder, drill, grind, or expose containers to heat, flame, sparks, or other sources of ignition. All equipment used when handling the product must be grounded. Do not re-use empty containers. Avoid contact with eyes, skin, and clothing. Avoid prolonged exposure. Use only in well-ventilated areas. Wear appropriate personal protective equipment. Wash hands thoroughly after handling. Avoid release to the environment. Observe good industrial hygiene practices. For additional information on equipment bonding and grounding, refer to the Canadian Electrical Code in Canada, (CSA C22.1), or the American Petroleum Institute (API) Recommended Practice 2003, "Protection Against Ignitions Arising out of Static, Lightning, and Stray Currents" or National Fire Protection Association (NFPA) 77, "Recommended Practice on Static Electricity" or National Fire Protection Association (NFPA) 70, "National Electrical Code". |
|--------------------------------------|---|

Conditions for safe storage, including any incompatibilities

Level 3 Aerosol.

Store locked up. Pressurized container. Protect from sunlight and do not expose to temperatures exceeding 50°C/122 °F. Do not puncture, incinerate or crush. Do not handle or store near an open flame, heat or other sources of ignition. This material can accumulate static charge which may cause spark and become an ignition source. Avoid spark promoters. Ground/bond container and equipment. These alone may be insufficient to remove static electricity. Store in tightly closed container. Keep out of the reach of children. Store away from incompatible materials (see Section 10 of the SDS).

8. Exposure controls/personal protection**Occupational exposure limits**

The following constituents are the only constituents of the product which have a PEL, TLV or other recommended exposure limit. At this time, the other constituents have no known exposure limits.

US. OSHA Table Z-1 Limits for Air Contaminants (29 CFR 1910.1000)

| Components | Type | Value |
|--|------|------------|
| Distillates (petroleum), Hydrotreated Light (CAS 64742-47-8) | PEL | 400 mg/m3 |
| | | 100 ppm |
| Isopropanol (CAS 67-63-0) | PEL | 980 mg/m3 |
| | | 400 ppm |
| Propane (CAS 74-98-6) | PEL | 1800 mg/m3 |
| | | 1000 ppm |
| Solvent Naphtha (petroleum), Medium Aliph. (CAS 64742-88-7) | PEL | 400 mg/m3 |
| | | 100 ppm |

US. ACGIH Threshold Limit Values

| Components | Type | Value | Form |
|---|------|-----------|--------------|
| Isopropanol (CAS 67-63-0) | STEL | 400 ppm | |
| | TWA | 200 ppm | |
| Solvent Naphtha (petroleum), Medium Aliph. (CAS 64742-88-7) | TWA | 200 mg/m3 | Non-aerosol. |

US. NIOSH: Pocket Guide to Chemical Hazards

| Components | Type | Value |
|--|------|------------|
| Distillates (petroleum), Hydrotreated Light (CAS 64742-47-8) | TWA | 100 mg/m3 |
| | | |
| Isopropanol (CAS 67-63-0) | STEL | 1225 mg/m3 |
| | | 500 ppm |
| | TWA | 980 mg/m3 |
| | | 400 ppm |
| Propane (CAS 74-98-6) | TWA | 1800 mg/m3 |
| | | 1000 ppm |

Biological limit values**ACGIH Biological Exposure Indices**

| Components | Value | Determinant | Specimen | Sampling Time |
|---------------------------|---------|-------------|----------|---------------|
| Isopropanol (CAS 67-63-0) | 40 mg/l | Acetone | Urine | * |

* - For sampling details, please see the source document.

Exposure guidelines**US ACGIH Threshold Limit Values: Skin designation**

Solvent Naphtha (petroleum), Medium Aliph. (CAS 64742-88-7) Can be absorbed through the skin.

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| Appropriate engineering controls | Good general ventilation (typically 10 air changes per hour) should be used. Ventilation rates should be matched to conditions. If applicable, use process enclosures, local exhaust ventilation, or other engineering controls to maintain airborne levels below recommended exposure limits. If exposure limits have not been established, maintain airborne levels to an acceptable level. Provide eyewash station and safety shower. |
| Individual protection measures, such as personal protective equipment | |
| Eye/face protection | Chemical respirator with organic vapor cartridge and full facepiece. Applicable for industrial settings only. |
| Skin protection | |
| Hand protection | Wear appropriate chemical resistant gloves. Applicable for industrial settings only. |
| Other | Wear appropriate chemical resistant clothing. Applicable for industrial settings only. |
| Respiratory protection | Chemical respirator with organic vapor cartridge and full facepiece. Chemical respirator with organic vapor cartridge and full facepiece if threshold limits are exceeded. Applicable for industrial settings only. |
| Thermal hazards | Wear appropriate thermal protective clothing, when necessary. |
| General hygiene considerations | When using do not smoke. Always observe good personal hygiene measures, such as washing after handling the material and before eating, drinking, and/or smoking. Routinely wash work clothing and protective equipment to remove contaminants. |

9. Physical and chemical properties

| | |
|---|-----------------------------------|
| Appearance | Milky. Liquid |
| Physical state | Liquid. |
| Form | Aerosol. |
| Color | White |
| Odor | Mild Alcohol |
| Odor threshold | Not available. |
| pH | Not available. |
| Melting point/freezing point | -196.98 °F (-127.21 °C) estimated |
| Initial boiling point and boiling range | 113.74 °F (45.41 °C) estimated |
| Flash point | -104.0 °F (-75.6 °C) (Propane) |
| Evaporation rate | Not available. |
| Flammability (solid, gas) | Not applicable. |
| Upper/lower flammability or explosive limits | |
| Flammability limit - lower (%) | 2.4 % estimated |
| Flammability limit - upper (%) | 11 % estimated |
| Explosive limit - lower (%) | 2.1 (Propane) |
| Explosive limit - upper (%) | 9.5 (Propane) |
| Vapor pressure | 950000 (Propane) |
| Vapor density | 1.56 (Propane) |
| Relative density | Not available. |
| Solubility(ies) | |
| Solubility (water) | Insoluble |
| Partition coefficient (n-octanol/water) | Not available. |
| Auto-ignition temperature | 842 °F (450 °C) (Propane) |
| Decomposition temperature | Not available. |
| Viscosity | Not available. |
| Other information | |
| Density | 6.34 lbs/gal |
| Explosive properties | Not explosive. |

| | |
|-------------------------------|------------------------|
| Flame extension | > 21 in |
| Flammability (flash back) | No |
| Flammability class | Flammable IB estimated |
| Heat of combustion | 34.6 kJ/g |
| Heat of combustion (NFPA 30B) | 33.55 kJ/g estimated |
| Kinematic viscosity | < 20 |
| Oxidizing properties | Not oxidizing. |
| Percent volatile | 97.8 % |
| Specific gravity | 0.76 |
| VOC | 97.8 % w/w |

10. Stability and reactivity

| | |
|------------------------------------|---|
| Reactivity | The product is stable and non-reactive under normal conditions of use, storage and transport. |
| Chemical stability | Material is stable under normal conditions. |
| Possibility of hazardous reactions | No dangerous reaction known under conditions of normal use. |
| Conditions to avoid | Keep away from heat, hot surfaces, sparks, open flames and other ignition sources. Avoid temperatures exceeding the flash point. Contact with incompatible materials. |
| Incompatible materials | Acids. Strong oxidizing agents. Chlorine. Isocyanates. |
| Hazardous decomposition products | No hazardous decomposition products are known. |

11. Toxicological information

Information on likely routes of exposure

| | |
|--------------|--|
| Inhalation | May cause drowsiness and dizziness. Headache. Nausea, vomiting. Prolonged inhalation may be harmful. |
| Skin contact | Causes skin irritation. |
| Eye contact | Causes serious eye irritation. |
| Ingestion | Droplets of the product aspirated into the lungs through ingestion or vomiting may cause a serious chemical pneumonia. |

Symptoms related to the physical, chemical and toxicological characteristics Aspiration may cause pulmonary edema and pneumonitis. May cause drowsiness and dizziness. Headache. Nausea, vomiting. Severe eye irritation. Symptoms may include stinging, tearing, redness, swelling, and blurred vision. Skin irritation. May cause redness and pain.

Information on toxicological effects

Acute toxicity May be fatal if swallowed and enters airways.

| Components | Species | Test Results |
|--|---------|------------------------|
| Distillates (petroleum), Hydrotreated Light (CAS 64742-47-8) | | |
| Acute | | |
| Dermal | | |
| LD50 | Rabbit | > 2000 mg/kg, 24 Hours |
| Inhalation | | |
| <i>Vapor</i> | | |
| LC50 | Rat | > 0.1 mg/l, 8 Hours |
| Oral | | |
| LD50 | Rat | > 5000 mg/kg |
| Isopropanol (CAS 67-63-0) | | |
| Acute | | |
| Oral | | |
| LD50 | Rat | 4.7 g/kg |

| Components | Species | Test Results |
|--|--|------------------|
| Solvent Naphtha (petroleum), Medium Aliph. (CAS 64742-88-7) | | |
| Acute | | |
| Inhalation | | |
| LC50 | Rat | 61 mg/l, 4 Hours |
| Skin corrosion/irritation | Causes skin irritation. | |
| Serious eye damage/eye irritation | Causes serious eye irritation. | |
| Respiratory or skin sensitization | | |
| Respiratory sensitization | Not a respiratory sensitizer. | |
| Skin sensitization | This product is not expected to cause skin sensitization. | |
| Germ cell mutagenicity | No data available to indicate product or any components present at greater than 0.1% are mutagenic or genotoxic. | |
| Carcinogenicity | Not classifiable as to carcinogenicity to humans. | |
| IARC Monographs. Overall Evaluation of Carcinogenicity | | |
| Polytetrafluoroethylene (PTFE) (CAS 9002-84-0) 3 Not classifiable as to carcinogenicity to humans. | | |
| OSHA Specifically Regulated Substances (29 CFR 1910.1001-1052) | | |
| Not regulated. | | |
| US. National Toxicology Program (NTP) Report on Carcinogens | | |
| Not listed. | | |
| Reproductive toxicity | This product is not expected to cause reproductive or developmental effects. | |
| Specific target organ toxicity - single exposure | May cause drowsiness and dizziness. | |
| Specific target organ toxicity - repeated exposure | Not classified. | |
| Aspiration hazard | May be fatal if swallowed and enters airways. | |
| Chronic effects | Prolonged inhalation may be harmful. | |

12. Ecological information

Ecotoxicity Toxic to aquatic life with long lasting effects.

| Components | Species | Test Results |
|--|---------|--|
| Distillates (petroleum), Hydrotreated Light (CAS 64742-47-8) | | |
| Aquatic | | |
| Crustacea | EC50 | Water flea (Daphnia pulex) 2.7 - 5.1 mg/l, 48 hours |
| Fish | LC50 | Rainbow trout,donaldson trout (Oncorhynchus mykiss) 2.9 mg/l, 96 hours |
| Isopropanol (CAS 67-63-0) | | |
| Aquatic | | |
| Fish | LC50 | Bluegill (Lepomis macrochirus) > 1400 mg/l, 96 hours |
| Solvent Naphtha (petroleum), Medium Aliph. (CAS 64742-88-7) | | |
| Aquatic | | |
| Crustacea | EC50 | Water flea (Daphnia pulex) 2.7 - 5.1 mg/l, 48 hours |
| Fish | LC50 | Rainbow trout,donaldson trout (Oncorhynchus mykiss) 8.8 mg/l, 96 hours |
| | | 8.8 mg/l, 96 hours |

Persistence and degradability No data is available on the degradability of any ingredients in the mixture.

Bioaccumulative potential

Partition coefficient n-octanol / water (log Kow)

| | |
|-------------|------|
| Isopropanol | 0.05 |
| Propane | 2.36 |

Mobility in soil No data available.

Other adverse effects The product contains volatile organic compounds which have a photochemical ozone creation potential.

13. Disposal considerations

| | |
|--|--|
| Disposal instructions | Collect and reclaim or dispose in sealed containers at licensed waste disposal site. Contents under pressure. Do not puncture, incinerate or crush. Incinerate the material under controlled conditions in an approved incinerator. Do not allow this material to drain into sewers/water supplies. Do not contaminate ponds, waterways or ditches with chemical or used container. If discarded, this product is considered a RCRA ignitable waste, D001. Dispose of contents/container in accordance with local/regional/national/international regulations. |
| Local disposal regulations | Dispose in accordance with all applicable regulations. |
| Hazardous waste code | D001: Waste Flammable material with a flash point <140 F The waste code should be assigned in discussion between the user, the producer and the waste disposal company. |
| Waste from residues / unused products | Dispose of in accordance with local regulations. Empty containers or liners may retain some product residues. This material and its container must be disposed of in a safe manner (see: Disposal instructions). |
| Contaminated packaging | Since emptied containers may retain product residue, follow label warnings even after container is emptied. Empty containers should be taken to an approved waste handling site for recycling or disposal. Do not re-use empty containers. |

14. Transport information

DOT

| | |
|-------------------------------------|--|
| UN number | UN1950 |
| UN proper shipping name | Aerosols, flammable, (each not exceeding 1 L capacity), Limited Quantity |
| Transport hazard class(es) | |
| Class | 2.1 |
| Subsidiary risk | - |
| Label(s) | 2.1 |
| Packing group | Not available. |
| Special precautions for user | Read safety instructions, SDS and emergency procedures before handling. |
| Special provisions | N82 |
| Packaging exceptions | 306 |
| Packaging non bulk | None |
| Packaging bulk | None |

IATA

| | |
|-------------------------------------|---|
| UN number | UN1950 |
| UN proper shipping name | Aerosol, flammable, Limited Quantity |
| Transport hazard class(es) | |
| Class | 2.1 |
| Subsidiary risk | - |
| Packing group | Not available. |
| Environmental hazards | No. |
| ERG Code | 9L |
| Special precautions for user | Read safety instructions, SDS and emergency procedures before handling. |
| Other information | |
| Passenger and cargo aircraft | Allowed with restrictions. |
| Cargo aircraft only | Allowed with restrictions. |

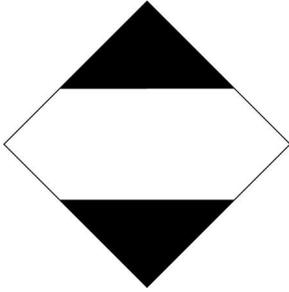
IMDG

| | |
|-------------------------------------|---|
| UN number | UN1950 |
| UN proper shipping name | AEROSOLS, MARINE POLLUTANT (Heptanes), Limited Quantity |
| Transport hazard class(es) | |
| Class | 2 |
| Subsidiary risk | - |
| Packing group | Not available. |
| Environmental hazards | |
| Marine pollutant | Yes |
| EmS | F-D, S-U |
| Special precautions for user | Read safety instructions, SDS and emergency procedures before handling. |
| Heptanes | |

Transport in bulk according to Annex II of MARPOL 73/78 and the IBC Code

Not established.

DOT; IMDG



IATA



Marine pollutant



15. Regulatory information

US federal regulations

This product is a "Hazardous Chemical" as defined by the OSHA Hazard Communication Standard, 29 CFR 1910.1200.

TSCA Section 12(b) Export Notification (40 CFR 707, Subpt. D)

Not regulated.

TSCA Chemical Action Plans, Chemicals of Concern

Polytetrafluoroethylene (PTFE) (CAS 9002-84-0)

Long-Chain Perfluorinated Chemicals (PFCs) Action Plan

CERCLA Hazardous Substance List (40 CFR 302.4)

Isopropanol (CAS 67-63-0)

Listed.

Propane (CAS 74-98-6)

Listed.

SARA 304 Emergency release notification

Not regulated.

OSHA Specifically Regulated Substances (29 CFR 1910.1001-1052)

Not regulated.

Superfund Amendments and Reauthorization Act of 1986 (SARA)

SARA 302 Extremely hazardous substance

Not listed.

SARA 313 (TRI reporting)

| Chemical name | CAS number | % by wt. |
|---------------|------------|-----------|
| Isopropanol | 67-63-0 | 40 - < 50 |

Other federal regulations

Clean Air Act (CAA) Section 112 Hazardous Air Pollutants (HAPs) List

Not regulated.

Clean Air Act (CAA) Section 112(r) Accidental Release Prevention (40 CFR 68.130)

Propane (CAS 74-98-6)

Safe Drinking Water Act (SDWA) Not regulated.

FEMA Priority Substances Respiratory Health and Safety in the Flavor Manufacturing Workplace

Isopropanol (CAS 67-63-0)

Low priority

US state regulations

California Proposition 65

California Safe Drinking Water and Toxic Enforcement Act of 2016 (Proposition 65): This material is not known to contain any chemicals currently listed as carcinogens or reproductive toxins. For more information go to www.P65Warnings.ca.gov.

US. California. Candidate Chemicals List. Safer Consumer Products Regulations (Cal. Code Regs, tit. 22, 69502.3, subd. (a))

Isopropanol (CAS 67-63-0)

International Inventories

| Country(s) or region | Inventory name | On inventory (yes/no)* |
|-----------------------------|--|------------------------|
| Australia | Australian Inventory of Chemical Substances (AICS) | No |
| Canada | Domestic Substances List (DSL) | Yes |
| Canada | Non-Domestic Substances List (NDSL) | No |
| China | Inventory of Existing Chemical Substances in China (IECSC) | No |
| Europe | European Inventory of Existing Commercial Chemical Substances (EINECS) | No |
| Europe | European List of Notified Chemical Substances (ELINCS) | No |
| Japan | Inventory of Existing and New Chemical Substances (ENCS) | No |
| Korea | Existing Chemicals List (ECL) | Yes |
| New Zealand | New Zealand Inventory | No |
| Philippines | Philippine Inventory of Chemicals and Chemical Substances (PICCS) | Yes |
| Taiwan | Taiwan Chemical Substance Inventory (TCSI) | Yes |
| United States & Puerto Rico | Toxic Substances Control Act (TSCA) Inventory | Yes |

*A "Yes" indicates that all components of this product comply with the inventory requirements administered by the governing country(s)

A "No" indicates that one or more components of the product are not listed or exempt from listing on the inventory administered by the governing country(s).

16. Other information, including date of preparation or last revision

| | |
|---------------|--|
| Issue date | 06-01-2015 |
| Revision date | 12-17-2020 |
| Version # | 09 |
| HMIS® ratings | Health: 2 Flammability: 4 Physical hazard: 0 |
| NFPA ratings | Health: 2 Flammability: 4 Instability: 0 |

NFPA ratings



Disclaimer

The information provided in this Safety Data Sheet is correct to the best of our knowledge, information and belief at the date of its publication. The information given is designed only as a guidance for safe handling, use, processing, storage, transportation, disposal and release and is not to be considered a warranty or quality specification. The information relates only to the specific material designated and may not be valid for such material used in combination with any other materials or in any process, unless specified in the text.

Revision information

This document has undergone significant changes and should be reviewed in its entirety.