

Safety Data Sheet

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This Safety Data Sheet has been prepared in accordance with the REACH Regulation (EC) 1907/2006 and its modifications.

SECTION 1: Identification of the substance/mixture and of the company/undertaking

1.1. Product identifier

3M Super 77 Multipurpose Adhesive

Product identification numbers

62-4977-4930-9

1.2. Relevant identified uses of the substance or mixture and uses advised against

Identified uses

general purpose aerosol adhesive

1.3. Details of the supplier of the substance or mixture

Address: 3M United Kingdom PLC, 3M Centre, Cain Road, Bracknell, Berkshire, RG12 8HT.

E Mail: tox.uk@mmm.com
Website: www.3M.com/uk

1.4. Emergency telephone number

+44 (0)1344 858 000

SECTION 2: Hazard identification

2.1. Classification of the substance or mixture

Dangerous substances(67/548/EEC)/preparations(1999/45/EC) directive Indication of danger

Extremely flammable.

Dangerous to environment.

Irritant.

2.2. Label elements

Dangerous substances(67/548/EEC)/preparations(1999/45/EC) directive

Symbols

F+ Extremely flammable.

Xi Irritant.

N Dangerous to environment.

Contains:

No ingredients are assigned to the label.

Risk phrases

Extremely flammable. R12 R36 Irritating to eyes.

R66 Repeated exposure may cause skin dryness or cracking.

Vapours may cause drowsiness and dizziness. R67

R51/53 Toxic to aquatic organisms. May cause long-term adverse effects in the aquatic environment.

Safety phrases

S16 Keep away from sources of ignition - No Smoking.

S2 Keep out of the reach of children. S23C Do not breathe vapour or spray. S51 Use only in well ventilated areas.

S24 Avoid contact with skin.

If swallowed, do not induce vomiting: Seek medical advice immediately and show this container or S62

S61 Avoid release to the environment. Refer to special instructions/safety data sheets.

Special provisions concerning the labelling of certain substances

Pressurised container: protect from sunlight and do not expose to temperatures exceeding 50 °C. Do not pierce or burn, even after use. Do not spray on a naked flame or any incandescent material.

Notes on labelling

R65 is not required on the label because the product is an aerosol.

Nota P applied for CAS 64742-49-0.

2.3. Other hazards

None known.

SECTION 3: Composition/information on ingredients

Ingredient	CAS Nbr	EU Inventory	% by Wt	Classification
Non-volatile components	Trade Secret	•	20 - 30	
Acetone	67-64-1	EINECS 200-	20 - 30	F:R11; Xi:R36; R66; R67 (EU)
		662-2		
				Flam. Liq. 2, H225; Eye Irrit. 2,
				H319; STOT SE 3, H336;
				EUH066 (CLP)
Propane	74-98-6	EINECS 200-	15 - 25	F+:R12 (EU)
		827-9		
				Flam. Gas 1, H220; Liquified
				gas, H280 - Nota U (CLP)
Naphtha (petroleum), hydrotreated light	64742-49-0	EINECS 265-	10 - 20	Xn:R65 - Nota 4,P (EU)
		151-9		F:R11 (Vendor)

				R66; R67 (Self Classified) Asp. Tox. 1, H304 - Nota P (CLP) Flam. Liq. 2, H225 (Vendor) STOT SE 3, H336; EUH066 (Self Classified)
Cyclohexane	110-82-7	EINECS 203- 806-2	10 - 20	F:R11; Xn:R65; Xi:R38; N:R50/53; R67 - Nota 4 (EU) Flam. Liq. 2, H225; Asp. Tox. 1, H304; Skin Irrit. 2, H315; STOT SE 3, H336; Aquatic Acute 1, H400,M=1; Aquatic Chronic 1, H410,M=1 (CLP)
n-hexane	110-54-3	EINECS 203- 777-6	<1	Repr.Cat.3:R62; F:R11; Xn:R48/20; Xn:R65; Xi:R38; N:R51/53; R67 - Nota 4 (EU) Flam. Liq. 2, H225; Asp. Tox. 1, H304; Skin Irrit. 2, H315; Repr. 2, H361f; STOT SE 3, H336; STOT RE 1, H372; Aquatic Chronic 2, H411 (CLP)

Please see section 16 for the full text of any R phrases and H statements referred to in this section Please refer to section 15 for the any applicable Notas that have been applied to the above components

For information on ingredient occupational exposure limits or PBT or vPvB status, see sections 8 and 12 of this SDS

SECTION 4: First aid measures

4.1. Description of first aid measures

Eye contact

Flush with large amounts of water. Remove contact lenses if easy to do. Continue rinsing. If signs/symptoms persist, get medical attention.

Skin contact

Wash with soap and water. If signs/symptoms develop, get medical attention.

Inhalation

Remove person to fresh air. Get medical attention.

If swallowed

Rinse mouth. If you feel unwell, get medical attention.

4.2. Most important symptoms and effects, both acute and delayed

See Section 11.1 Information on toxicological effects

4.3. Indication of any immediate medical attention and special treatment required

Exposure may increase myocardial irritability. Do not administer sympathomimetic drugs unless absolutely necessary.

SECTION 5: Fire-fighting measures

5.1. Extinguishing media

In case of fire: Use a fire fighting agent suitable for flammable liquids or gases such as dry chemical or carbon dioxide.

5.2. Special hazards arising from the substance or mixture

Closed containers exposed to heat from fire may build pressure and explode.

Hazardous Decomposition or By-Products

<u>Substance</u> Aldehydes. Carbon monoxide.

Carbon monoxide

Condition

During combustion.
During combustion.
During combustion.

5.3. Advice for fire-fighters

No unusual fire or explosion hazards are anticipated.

SECTION 6: Accidental release measures

6.1. Personal precautions, protective equipment and emergency procedures

Keep away from heat/sparks/open flames/hot surfaces. - No smoking. Use only non-sparking tools. Evacuate area. Ventilate the area with fresh air. Refer to other sections of this SDS for information regarding physical and health hazards, respiratory protection, ventilation, and personal protective equipment.

6.2. Environmental precautions

Avoid release to the environment.

6.3. Methods and material for containment and cleaning up

Contain spill. Collect as much of the spilled material as possible using non-sparking tools. Cover spill area with a fire-extinguishing foam. An appropriate aqueous film forming foam (AFFF) is recommended. Working from around the edges of the spill inward, cover with bentonite, vermiculite, or commercially available inorganic absorbent material. Mix in sufficient absorbent until it appears dry. Remember, adding an absorbent material does not remove a toxic, corrosivity or flammability hazard. Clean up residue with an appropriate solvent selected by a qualified and authorised person. Ventilate the area with fresh air. Read and follow safety precautions on the solvent label and Safety Data Sheet. Place in a metal container approved for transportation by appropriate authorities. Seal the container. Dispose of collected material as soon as possible.

6.4. Reference to other sections

Refer to Section 8 and Section 13 for more information

SECTION 7: Handling and storage

7.1. Precautions for safe handling

Keep out of reach of children. Do not handle until all safety precautions have been read and understood. Keep away from heat/sparks/open flames/hot surfaces. - No smoking. Do not spray on an open flame or other ignition source. Pressurized container: Do not pierce or burn, even after use. Do not breathe dust/fume/gas/mist/vapours/spray. Do not get in eyes, on skin, or on clothing. Do not eat, drink or smoke when using this product. Wash thoroughly after handling. Avoid release to the environment. Use personal protective equipment (eg. gloves, respirators...) as required. Do not use in a confined area or areas with little or no air movement. Avoid contact with oxidising agents (eg. chlorine, chromic acid etc.)

7.2. Conditions for safe storage including any incompatibilities

Store away from acids. Store away from oxidising agents. Store in a well-ventilated place. Keep container tightly closed. Protect from sunlight. Do not expose to temperatures exceeding 50°C/122°F.

7.3. Specific end use(s)

See information in Section 7.1 and 7.2 for handling and storage recommendations. See Section 8 for exposure controls and personal protection recommendations.

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SECTION 8: Exposure controls/personal protection

8.1 Control parameters

Occupational exposure limits

Ingredient n-hexane	CAS Nbr 110-54-3	Agency Health and Safety Comm. (UK)	Limit type TWA:72 mg/m3(20 ppm)	Additional comments
Cyclohexane	110-82-7	Health and Safety Comm. (UK)	TWA:350 mg/m³(100 ppm);STEL:1050 mg/m³(300 ppm)	
Acetone	67-64-1	Health and Safety Comm. (UK)	TWA:1210 mg/m³(500 ppm);STEL:3620 mg/m³(1500 ppm)	
Propane	74-98-6	Health and Safety Comm.	Limit value not established:	asphyxiant

Health and Safety Comm. (UK): UK Health and Safety Commission

TWA: Time-Weighted-Average STEL: Short Term Exposure Limit ppm: parts per million mg/m³: milligrams per cubic metre

CEIL: Ceiling

8.2. Exposure controls

8.2.1. Engineering controls

Do not remain in area where available oxygen may be reduced. Use general dilution ventilation and/or local exhaust ventilation to control airborne exposures to below relevant Exposure Limits and/or control dust/fume/gas/mist/vapours/spray. If ventilation is not adequate, use respiratory protection equipment.

8.2.2. Personal protective equipment (PPE)

Eye/face protection

The following eye protection(s) are recommended: Safety glasses with side shields.

Skin/hand protection

Gloves made from the following material(s) are recommended: Polymer laminate

Respiratory protection

Select one of the following approved respirators based on airborne concentration of contaminants and in accordance with regulations:

Half facepiece or full facepiece air-purifying respirator suitable for organic vapours

SECTION 9: Physical and chemical properties

9.1. Information on basic physical and chemical properties

Physical state Gas. aerosol **Specific Physical Form:** Aerosol

Appearance/Odour Clear, sweet, fruity odour pН No data available.

Boiling point/boiling rangeMelting point
Not applicable.
No data available.

Flammability (solid, gas) Flammable Aerosol: Category 1.

Explosive propertiesNot classified **Oxidising properties**Not classified

Flash point -41.1 °C [Test Method: Tagliabue closed cup]

Autoignition temperatureNo data available.Flammable Limits(LEL)No data available.Flammable Limits(UEL)No data available.

Relative density 0.726 [*Ref Std*:WATER=1]

Water solubility Nil

Partition coefficient: n-octanol/waterNo data available.Evaporation rate1.90 [Ref Std:ETHER=1]Vapour density2.97 [Ref Std:AIR=1]

Viscosity Not applicable.

Density 0.726 g/ml

9.2. Other information

Hazardous air pollutants<=0.4 % weight [*Test Method:*Calculated] **Volatile organic compounds (VOC)**<=537 g/l [*Details:*EU VOC content] **Percent volatile**<=75 % weight [*Details:*all volatiles]

VOC less H2O & exempt solvents<=51 % [Test Method:calculated SCAQMD rule 443.1]</th>VOC less H2O & exempt solvents<=3.82 lb/gal [Test Method:calculated SCAQMD rule 443.1]</th>VOC less H2O & exempt solvents<=458 g/l [Test Method:calculated SCAQMD rule 443.1]</th>

Solids content >=22.4 %

SECTION 10: Stability and reactivity

10.1 Reactivity

This material is considered to be non reactive under normal use conditions

10.2 Chemical stability

Stable.

10.3 Possibility of hazardous reactions

Hazardous polymerisation will not occur.

10.4 Conditions to avoid

Heat.

10.5 Incompatible materials

Strong oxidising agents.

10.6 Hazardous decomposition products

Substance Condition
None known.

SECTION 11: Toxicological information

The information below may not be consistent with the material classification in Section 2 if specific ingredient

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classifications are mandated by a competent authority. In addition, toxicological data on ingredients may not be reflected in the material classification and/or the signs and symptoms of exposure, because an ingredient may be present below the threshold for labelling, an ingredient may not be available for exposure, or the data may not be relevant to the material as a whole.

11.1 Information on Toxicological effects

Signs and Symptoms of Exposure

Based on test data and/or information on the components, this material may produce the following health effects:

Eye contact

Moderate eye irritation: Signs/symptoms may include redness, swelling, pain, tearing, and blurred or hazy vision.

Contact with the skin during product use is not expected to result in significant irritation.

Inhalation

Respiratory tract irritation: Signs/symptoms may include cough, sneezing, nasal discharge, headache, hoarseness, and nose and throat pain. May cause target organ effects after inhalation.

Ingestion

Gastrointestinal irritation: Signs/symptoms may include abdominal pain, stomach upset, nausea, vomiting and diarrhoea. May cause target organ effects after ingestion.

Target Organ Effects:

Central nervous system (CNS) depression: Signs/symptoms may include headache, dizziness, drowsiness, incoordination, nausea, slowed reaction time, slurred speech, giddiness, and unconsciousness.

Single exposure, above recommended guidelines, may cause:

Cardiac sensitisation: Signs/symptoms may include irregular heartbeat (arrhythmia), faintness, chest pain, and may be fatal.

Reproductive/Developmental Toxicity:

Contains a chemical or chemicals which can cause birth defects or other reproductive harm.

Toxicological Data

Acute Toxicity

Name	Route	Species	Value
Overall product	Ingestion		No test data available; calculated ATE
			>5,000 mg/kg
Propane	Inhalation-Gas (4 hours)	Rat	LC50 > 200,000 ppm
Acetone	Dermal	Rabbit	LD50 > 15,688 mg/kg
Acetone	Inhalation-Vapor (4 hours)	Rat	LC50 76 mg/l
Acetone	Ingestion	Rat	LD50 5,800 mg/kg
Cyclohexane	Dermal	Rat	LD50 > 2,000 mg/kg
Cyclohexane	Inhalation-Vapor (4	Rat	LC50 14 mg/l
	hours)		
Cyclohexane	Ingestion	Rat	LD50 6,200 mg/kg
Naphtha (petroleum), hydrotreated light	Dermal	Rabbit	LD50 > 3,160 mg/kg
Naphtha (petroleum), hydrotreated light	Inhalation-Vapor (4 hours)	Rat	LC50 > 14.7 mg/l
Naphtha (petroleum), hydrotreated light	Ingestion	Rat	LD50 > 5,000 mg/kg
Non-volatile components	Ingestion		LD50 estimated to be 2,000 - 5,000 mg/kg

n-hexane	Dermal	Rabbit	LD50 > 2,000 mg/kg
n-hexane	Inhalation-Vapor (4	Rat	LC50 170 mg/l
	hours)		
n-hexane	Ingestion	Rat	LD50 28,700 mg/kg

ATE = acute toxicity estimate

Skin Corrosion/Irritation

Name	Species	Value
Propane		Minimal irritation
Acetone		Minimal irritation
Cyclohexane		Mild irritant
Naphtha (petroleum), hydrotreated light		No data available
Non-volatile components		Minimal irritation
n-hexane		Mild irritant

Serious Eye Damage/Irritation

Name	Species	Value
Propane		Mild irritant
Acetone		No data available
Cyclohexane		Mild irritant
Naphtha (petroleum), hydrotreated light		Mild irritant
Non-volatile components		No data available
n-hexane		Mild irritant

Skin Sensitisation

Name	Species	Value
Propane		No data available
Acetone		No data available
Cyclohexane		No data available
Naphtha (petroleum), hydrotreated light		Not sensitizing
Non-volatile components		No data available
n-hexane		Not sensitizing

Respiratory Sensitisation

Name	Species	Value
Propane		No data available
Acetone		No data available
Cyclohexane		No data available
Naphtha (petroleum), hydrotreated light		No data available
Non-volatile components		No data available
n-hexane		No data available

Germ Cell Mutagenicity

Name	Route	Value
Propane	In Vitro	Not mutagenic
Acetone	In vivo	Some positive data exist, but the data are not sufficient for classification
Cyclohexane	In Vitro	Not mutagenic
Naphtha (petroleum), hydrotreated light	In Vitro	Not mutagenic
Non-volatile components		No data available
n-hexane	In vivo	Some positive data exist, but the data are not
		sufficient for classification

Carcinogenicity

Name	Route	Species	Value
Propane			No data available
Acetone	Not specified.		Not carcinogenic
Cyclohexane			No data available

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Naphtha (petroleum), hydrotreated light	Inhalation	*	nta exist, but the data
Non-volatile components		No data availabl	e
n-hexane	Dermal	Not carcinogenic	;
n-hexane	Inhalation	Some positive da	ata exist, but the data
		are not sufficient	for classification

Reproductive Toxicity

Reproductive and/or Developmental Effects

Name	Route	Value	Species	Test result	Exposure Duration
Propane		No data available			
Acetone	Ingestion	Some positive reproductive/develop mental data exist, but the data are not sufficient for classification		NOEL 1,700 mg/kg/day	
Acetone	Inhalation	Some positive reproductive/develop mental data exist, but the data are not sufficient for classification		NOEL 5.2 mg/l	
Cyclohexane	Inhalation	Some positive reproductive/develop mental data exist, but the data are not sufficient for classification		NOEL 6.9 mg/l	
Naphtha (petroleum), hydrotreated light	Inhalation	Some positive reproductive/develop mental data exist, but the data are not sufficient for classification		NOAEL 3,000 ppm	
Non-volatile components		No data available			
n-hexane	Ingestion	Toxic to reproduction and/or development		NOAEL 1,140 mg/kg/day	
n-hexane	Inhalation	Toxic to reproduction and/or development		LOAEL 3.52 mg/l	

Lactation

Name	Route	Species	Value
n-hexane	Inhalation		Some positive data exist, but the data
			are not sufficient for classification

Target Organ(s)

Specific Target Organ Toxicity - single exposure

Name	Route	Target Organ(s)	Value	Species	Test result	Exposure Duration
Propane	Inhalation	cardiac sensitization	Causes damage to organs		LOAEL 100,000 ppm	
Propane	Inhalation	central nervous system depression	May cause drowsiness or dizziness		NOAEL N/A	

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Propane	Inhalation	respiratory	All data are	Irritation	
	T 1 1 1	irritation	negative	Negative	
Acetone	Inhalation	central nervous	May cause	LOAEL 0.6 mg/l	
		system	drowsiness or		
		depression	dizziness		
Acetone	Inhalation	respiratory	Some positive	Irritation	
		irritation	data exist, but the	Positive	
			data are not		
			sufficient for		
			classification		
Acetone	Inhalation	liver	Some positive	LOEL 24 mg/l	
		1	data exist, but the		
			data are not		
			sufficient for		
			classification		
Acetone	Inhalation	hematoppoitic	Some positive	NOEL 0.6 mg/l	
Accione	Illialation		data exist, but the	NOEL 0.0 Hig/I	
		system	data exist, but the		
		immune system			
			sufficient for		
	ļ		classification		
Acetone	Ingestion	central nervous	May cause	NOAEL N/A	
		system	drowsiness or		
		depression	dizziness		
Cyclohexane	Inhalation	central nervous	May cause	LOAEL 0.09	
		system	drowsiness or	mg/l	
		depression	dizziness		
Cyclohexane	Inhalation	respiratory	Some positive	Irritation	
- 3		irritation	data exist, but the	Positive	
		1111441011	data are not	1 00111110	
			sufficient for		
			classification		
Naphtha	Ocular	lacrimation	Some positive	LOEL 900 ppm	
(petroleum),	Ocuiai	lacimation	data exist, but the	LOLL 700 ppin	
hydrotreated			data are not		
			sufficient for		
light					
37 1 21	T 1 1 1		classification	¥ ** **	
Non-volatile	Inhalation	respiratory	Some positive	Irritation	
components		irritation	data exist, but the	Positive	
			data are not		
			sufficient for		
			classification		
n-hexane	Dermal	central nervous	Some positive	LOAEL 1,350	
		system	data exist, but the	mg/kg	
		depression	data are not		
		•	sufficient for		
			classification		
n-hexane	Inhalation	central nervous	May cause	NOAEL N/A	
ппелине	imuution	system	drowsiness or	TOTIEE TOTI	
		depression	dizziness		
n-hexane	Inhalation	respiratory	Some positive	Irritation	
n-nexame	iiiiaiatioii	irritation	data exist, but the	Positive	
		IIIIation	*	rositive	
			data are not		
			sufficient for		
	1		classification		
n-hexane	Inhalation	respiratory	Some positive	LOEL 24.6 mg/l	
			1 4 4 4 4 4 4 4 4 4 4 4 4 4 4 4 4 4 4 4		
		system	data exist, but the		
		system	data are not		
		system			

Specific Target Organ Toxicity - repeated exposure

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Name	Route	Target Organ(s)	Value	Species	Test result	Exposure Duration
Propane		<u> </u>	No data available			
Acetone	Dermal	eyes	Some positive data exist, but the data are not sufficient for classification		NOEL N/A	
Acetone	Inhalation	kidney and/or bladder	Some positive data exist, but the data are not sufficient for classification		LOAEL 119 mg/l	
Acetone	Inhalation	hematopoietic system immune system	Some positive data exist, but the data are not sufficient for classification		NOEL 0.6 mg/l	
Acetone	Inhalation	liver	All data are negative		NOAEL 45 mg/l	
Acetone	Inhalation	heart	All data are negative		NOAEL 19,000 ppm	
Acetone	Ingestion	respiratory system	Some positive data exist, but the data are not sufficient for classification		NOEL N/A	
Acetone	Ingestion	kidney and/or bladder	Some positive data exist, but the data are not sufficient for classification		NOEL 900 mg/kg/day	
Acetone	Ingestion	heart	Some positive data exist, but the data are not sufficient for classification		LOEL 2,500 mg/kg/day	
Acetone	Ingestion	hematopoietic system	Some positive data exist, but the data are not sufficient for classification		NOEL 200 mg/kg/day	
Acetone	Ingestion	liver	Some positive data exist, but the data are not sufficient for classification		NOEL 1,579 mg/kg/day	
Acetone	Ingestion	muscles	All data are negative		NOAEL 2,500 mg/kg	
Acetone	Ingestion	skin eyes	All data are negative		NOAEL 11,298 mg/kg/day	
Acetone	Ingestion	bone, teeth, nails, and/or hair	All data are negative		NOAEL 11,298 mg/kg	
Cyclohexane	Inhalation	hematopoietic system liver	Some positive data exist, but the data are not sufficient for classification		NOEL 6.9 mg/l	
Cyclohexane	Inhalation	auditory system	Some positive data exist, but the		NOEL 1.7 mg/l	

			data are not	<u> </u>	
			data are not sufficient for		
			classification		
C -1-1	T. 1 1 . 41			NOAFL 0.6	
Cyclohexane	Inhalation	peripheral	All data are	NOAEL 8.6	
Mandada a	Dermal	nervous system	negative	mg/l LOAEL 100	
Naphtha	Dermai	kidney and/or	Some positive		
(petroleum),		bladder	data exist, but the	ppm	
hydrotreated			data are not		
light			sufficient for		
NI 1- /1	Inhalation	endocrine	classification	1.051.000	
Naphtha	innaiation		Some positive	LOEL 900 ppm	
(petroleum), hydrotreated		system	data exist, but the data are not		
light			sufficient for		
ngiit			classification		
Nanhtha	Inhalation	kidney and/or		LOAEL 900	
Naphtha (petroleum),	Illialation	bladder	Some positive data exist, but the		
hydrotreated		bladdel	data are not	ppm	
light			sufficient for		
ngm			classification		
Naphtha	Inhalation	liver	Some positive	NOEL 3,000	
(petroleum),	iiiiaiatiOii	11 VC1	data exist, but the	ppm	
hydrotreated			data are not	ppin	
light			sufficient for		
ngnt			classification		
Naphtha	Inhalation	central nervous	All data are	NOEL 9,000	
(petroleum),	Immunution	system	negative	ppm	
hydrotreated		peripheral	negative	ppiii	
light		nervous system			
Naphtha	Inhalation	hematopoietic	All data are	NOEL 0.23 mg/l	
(petroleum),	1111141411011	system	negative	11022 0.25 mg 1	
hydrotreated		System	negative		
light					
Naphtha	Ingestion	kidney and/or	Some positive	NOAEL N/A	
(petroleum),		bladder	data exist, but the		
hydrotreated			data are not		
light			sufficient for		
_			classification		
Non-volatile			No data available		
components					
n-hexane	Inhalation	peripheral	Causes damage to	NOAEL N/A	
		nervous system	organs through		
			prolonged or		
			repeated exposure		
n-hexane	Inhalation	eyes	Some positive	NOAEL N/A	
			data exist, but the		
			data are not		
			sufficient for		
			classification		
n-hexane	Inhalation	hematopoietic	Some positive	LOEL 35.2 mg/l	
		system	data exist, but the		
			data are not		
			sufficient for		
	<u> </u>	1	classification		
n-hexane	Inhalation	kidney and/or	Some positive	LOEL 1.76 mg/l	
		bladder	data exist, but the		
			data are not		
			sufficient for		
			classification	107144 "	
n-hexane	Inhalation	nervous system	Some positive	LOEL 1.4 mg/l	
			data exist, but the		

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			data are not	
			sufficient for	
			classification	
n-hexane	Inhalation	liver	Some positive	LOAEL 0.44
			data exist, but the	mg/l
			data are not	
			sufficient for	
			classification	
n-hexane	Inhalation	immune system	Some positive	LOEL 0.43 mg/l
			data exist, but the	
			data are not	
			sufficient for	
			classification	
n-hexane	Inhalation	auditory system	Some positive	LOAEL 0.2
			data exist, but the	mg/l
			data are not	
			sufficient for	
			classification	
n-hexane	Inhalation	heart skin	All data are	NOAEL 1.76
		endocrine	negative	mg/l
		system		
n-hexane	Ingestion	peripheral	Some positive	NOAEL 1,140
		nervous system	data exist, but the	mg/kg/day
			data are not	
			sufficient for	
			classification	
n-hexane	Ingestion	liver immune	Some positive	NOEL 40
	3.50	system kidney	data exist, but the	mg/kg/day
		and/or bladder	data are not	ing ng uu)
		una, or oradar	sufficient for	
			classification	
n-hexane	Ingestion	endocrine	Some positive	NOEL 1,000
monume	Ingestion	system	data exist, but the	mg/kg/day
		hematopoietic	data are not	mg/kg/ddy
		system	sufficient for	
		System	classification	
			Ciassification	

Aspiration Hazard

Name	Value
Propane	Not an aspiration hazard
Acetone	Not an aspiration hazard
Cyclohexane	Aspiration hazard
Naphtha (petroleum), hydrotreated light	Aspiration hazard
Non-volatile components	Not an aspiration hazard
n-hexane	Aspiration hazard

Please contact the address or phone number listed on the first page of the SDS for additional toxicological information on this material and/or its components.

SECTION 12: Ecological information

The information below may not be consistent with the material classification in Section 2 if specific ingredient classifications are mandated by a competent authority. Additional information leading to material classification in Section 2 is available upon request. In addition, environmental fate and effects data on ingredients may not be reflected in this section because an ingredient is present below the threshold for labelling, an ingredient is not expected to be available for exposure, or the data is considered not relevant to the material as a whole.

12.1. Toxicity

D. . . 12 . C 1

Acute aquatic hazard:

GHS Acute 2: Toxic to aquatic life with long lasting effects.

Chronic aquatic hazard:

Not chronically toxic to aquatic life by GHS criteria.

No product test data available.

No component test data available.

12.2. Persistence and degradability

No test data available.

12.3: Bioaccumulative potential

No test data available.

12.4. Mobility in soil

Please contact manufacturer for more details

12.5. Results of the PBT and vPvB assessment

No information available at this time, contact manufacturer for more details

12.6. Other adverse effects

No information available.

SECTION 13: Disposal considerations

13.1 Waste treatment methods

Dispose of contents/ container in accordance with the local/regional/national/international regulations

Facility must be capable of handling aerosol cans.

The coding of a waste stream is based on the application of the product by the consumer. Since this is out of the control of 3M, no waste code(s) for products after use will be provided. Please refer to the European Waste Code (EWC - 2000/532/EC and amendments) to assign the correct waste code to your waste stream. Ensure national and/or regional regulations are complied with and always use a licensed waste contractor.

EU waste code (product as sold)

08 04 09* Waste adhesives and sealants containing organic solvents or other dangerous substances

16 05 04* Gases in pressure containers (including halons) containing dangerous substances

20 01 27* Paint, inks, adhesives and resins containing dangerous substances

EU waste code (product container after use)

15 01 04 Metallic packaging

SECTION 14: Transportation information

62-4977-4930-9

ADR/RID: UN1950, AEROSOLS, LIMITED QUANTITY, 2.1, (D), ADR Classification Code: 5F.

IMDG-CODE: UN1950, AEROSOLS, 2.1, EMS: FD,SU. **ICAO/IATA:** UN1950, AEROSOLS, FLAMMABLE, 2.1.

SECTION 15: Regulatory information

15.1. Safety, health and environmental regulations/legislation specific for the substance or mixture

Global inventory status

Contact 3M for more information. The components of this material are in compliance with the provisions of Australia National Industrial Chemical Notification and Assessment Scheme (NICNAS). Certain restrictions may apply. Contact the selling division for additional information. The components of this material are in compliance with the provisions of Philippines RA 6969 requirements. Certain restrictions may apply. Contact the selling division for additional information. The components of this product are in compliance with the new substance notification requirements of CEPA. The components of this product are in compliance with the chemical notification requirements of TSCA.

15.2. Chemical Safety Assessment

Not applicable

SECTION 16: Other information

List of relevant H statements

EUH066	Repeated exposure may cause skin dryness or cracking.
H220	Extremely flammable gas.
H225	Highly flammable liquid and vapour.
H280	Contains gas under pressure; may explode if heated.
H304	May be fatal if swallowed and enters airways.
H315	Causes skin irritation.
H319	Causes serious eye irritation.
H336	May cause drowsiness or dizziness.
H361f	Suspected of damaging fertility.
H372	Causes damage to organs through prolonged or repeated exposure.
H400	Very toxic to aquatic life.
H410	Very toxic to aquatic life with long lasting effects.
H411	Toxic to aquatic life with long lasting effects.

List of relevant R-phrases

KII	Hignly Hammable.
R12	Extremely flammable.
R36	Irritating to eyes.
R38	Irritating to skin.
R48/20	Harmful: danger of se

R48/20 Harmful: danger of serious damage to health by prolonged exposure through inhalation.

R50/53 Very toxic to aquatic organisms. May cause long-term adverse effects in the aquatic environment.

R51/53 Toxic to aquatic organisms. May cause long-term adverse effects in the aquatic environment.

R62 Possible risk of impaired fertility.

R65 Harmful: May cause lung damage if swallowed.
R66 Repeated exposure may cause skin dryness or cracking.

R67 Vapours may cause drowsiness and dizziness.

Revision information:

Revision Changes:

Section 8: Respiratory protection - recommended respirators information was modified.

Aspiration Hazard Table was modified.

Section 11: Acute Toxicity table was modified.

Carcinogenicity Table was modified.

Serious Eye Damage/Irritation Table was modified.

Germ Cell Mutagenicity Table was modified.

Skin Sensitisation Table was modified.

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Respiratory Sensitisation Table was modified.

Lactation Table was modified.

Reproductive Toxicity Table was modified.

Skin Corrosion/Irritation Table was modified.

Target Organs - Repeated Table was modified.

Target Organs - Single Table was modified.

Section 11: Health Effects - Inhalation information was modified.

Section 6: Accidental release personal information was modified.

Section 6: Accidental release clean-up information was modified.

Section 7: Precautions safe handling information was modified.

Section 11: UN GHS Classification table heading was deleted.

Section 11: Lactation table - UN GHS Classification heading was deleted.

DISCLAIMER: The information on this Safety Data Sheet is based on our experience and is correct to the best of our knowledge at the date of publication, but we do not accept any liability for any loss, damage or injury resulting from its use (except as required by law). The information may not be valid for any use not referred to in this Data Sheet or use of the product in combination with other materials. For these reasons, it is important that customers carry out their own test to satisfy themselves as to the suitability of the product for their own intended applications.

3M United Kingdom MSDSs are available at www.3M.com/uk